Handy hints for making babies



A range of lifestyle factors may help enhance your fertility and chances of conceiving.

For women

Have a BMI of 20 - 25

- A healthy body mass index (BMI) is associated with better fertility.
- Pregnancy in overweight women is associated with problems such as diabetes and high blood pressure.
- Eat healthily and undertake moderate exercise regularly.

Don't smoke or do drugs

 Smoking halves the chances of conceiving each month and can also double the chance of miscarriage.

Take folic acid

- Take folic acid supplements when trying to get pregnant and up to 12 weeks into the pregnancy.
- Folic acid can help reduce the chances of spina bifida by up to 92%. Other minerals and supplements may also be useful.
- Use iodised salt, as iodine is necessary for fetal brain development.
- Avoid products containing Vitamin A.

Reduce alcohol and caffeine

- Caffeine may reduce your chances of conceiving.
- There is no safe limit of alcohol during pregnancy, so it's best avoided.

Medication

• Discuss all your medications with your doctor.

Rubella

 Make sure you have had a rubella immunisation. Rubella can damage unborn babies.

Chicken pox

• Find out if you have had chicken pox. If not, consider immunisation.

For men

Don't smoke or do drugs

 Smoking and some recreational drugs can reduce sperm quality.

Reduce alcohol

 Decrease your alcohol intake to 20 units or less a week. Alcohol has also been shown to affect fertility.

Have a normal BMI

- Keep active and stay slim. Obese men have sperm counts on average 22% lower when compared to their slimmer counterparts.
- Have a body mass index (BMI) below 28.

Keep testes cool

- Wear boxer shorts, not briefs, this helps the testes to keep cool.
- Men in sedentary jobs can have poorer quality sperm because their testes are more prone to heating up. Keep your laptop off your lap!
- Don't have a hot bath, sauna or spa too frequently.

Have a healthy diet

- Eat a diet with lots of healthy antioxidants.
 Foods rich in antioxidants
 can reduce the damage that chemicals
 called free radicals can have on sperm.
- Antioxidants are found in fresh vegetables, fruit, nuts, seeds, green tea and dark chocolate.
- Health supplements, such as Menevit, containing antioxidants such as Vitamin C and E may help to improve sperm quality.

Medication

 Discuss all your medications with your doctor.